The Chaos Game and Fractal Geometry



Fractals are generated by an iterative process. A common example is the Sierpinski triangle. The triangle is shrunk in size by a certain proportion, copied several times, and then the new smaller versions are mapped (located) in sections of the original triangle. This is done again and again, to infinity.

In addition, all kinds of translations, rotations, etc. may also be done. Some of the pages that accompany the Chaos Game on the Web are a very nice introduction to all this, and if you are interested it is an excellent place to start.



CHAOS GAME PROCEDURES (THE SIERPINSKI TRIANGLE):

The game is to learn to decipher the fractal iteration sequence: $COPY \Rightarrow REDUCE$ IN SIZE \Rightarrow MAP TO A NEW LOCATION. In the game the sequence is to take a dot from one location and through a series of fractal moves get it inside a specified triangle.

For example, the triangle here. Start with a dot at the Green apex, and with the fewest number of steps move it to the shaded triangle.

Each move follows the same procedure. Pick an apex (red, blue, or green) and click it. The dot will move half way to that apex. Pick another colored apex and the dot will move half way to that apex. And so on, as to the right.

In the Chaos Game **Try Again** sets up a whole new situation; Restart allows you to go back to the same Blue game and try again.



1. Experiment Four - The Chaos Game

Go to this web address: http://math.bu.edu/DYSYS/applets/chaos-game.html

- Play the game at the novice level until you can get through it within 1 or 2 moves of the best score.
- □ Then try several games at one of the other levels, OR try game 2, or 3 (buttons in upper right of game board).

Game One	Difficulty	Game Two	Difficulty	Game Three	Difficulty
Game	Difficulty	Game	Difficulty	Game	Difficulty
Game	Difficulty	Game	Difficulty	Game	Difficulty
Game	Difficulty	Game	Difficulty	Game	Difficulty

□ In the spaces provided below you can keep track of your strategies for solving each game. Just shade in the target triangle and the initial dot.



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